Stat 156 HW #5

Due 11/12/2024 by 11:59 pm PT

Note that points will be deducted if you fail to

- Submit code for coding problems
- Assign pages to the corresponding problem in Gradescope
- 1. Recall from lecture that we can identify the effect of removing treatment on the whole population as

$$\mathbb{E}[Y - Y(D = 0)] = \mathbb{E}[Y] - \mathbb{E}[Y \mid Z = 0]$$

under Relevance, Exclusion Restriction, Exchangeability and one-sided noncompliance (meaning Z = 0 would imply D = 0). Also recall that under the same assumptions we can identify the effect of removing treatment on the treated as

$$\mathbb{E}[Y - Y(D = 0) | D = 1] = \frac{\mathbb{E}[Y] - \mathbb{E}[Y | Z = 0]}{\mathbb{P}(D = 1)}.$$

Prove these two results.

2. Prove that under the standard IV assumptions of relevance (Z is associated with D), exclusion restriction (Y(Z = z, D = d) = Y(D = d)), and exchangeable IV $(Z \perp (D(Z = z), Y(Z = z)))$, the structural equation model

$$D(Z = z) = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 z + \nu$$
$$Y(Z = z, D = d) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 d + \epsilon$$

implies the following two-stage model of observed data

$$D = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 Z + \nu$$
$$Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 D + \epsilon$$

along with the three classical IV assumptions:

- (a) Relevance: $cov(D, Z) \neq 0$
- (b) Exclusion restriction: Z is not included in second-stage Y equation
- (c) Exchangeable IV: $cov(Z, \nu) = cov(Z, \epsilon) = 0.$
- 3. In lecture we presented two identified forms of the coefficient B_1 in the classical IV two-stage model. Prove this equality.

$$\frac{E[Y \mid Z = 1] - E[Y \mid Z = 0]}{E[D \mid Z = 1] - E[D \mid Z = 0]} = \frac{cov(Y, Z)}{cov(D, Z)}.$$

- 4. Assume a classical two-stage IV model with $cov(D, Z) \neq 0$ and $cov(Z, \nu) = cov(Z, \epsilon) = 0$. Under this model, B_1 equals the coefficient in a population regression of Y on the predicted value from a population regression of D on Z. Prove this.
- 5. Problem 20.2 from A First Course in Causal Inference
- 6. Problem 21.7 from A First Course in Causal Inference
- 7. Problem 17.4 from A First Course in Causal Inference
- 8. Problem 17.6 from A First Course in Causal Inference
- 9. Problem 18.1 from A First Course in Causal Inference
- 10. Problem 18.2 from A First Course in Causal Inference